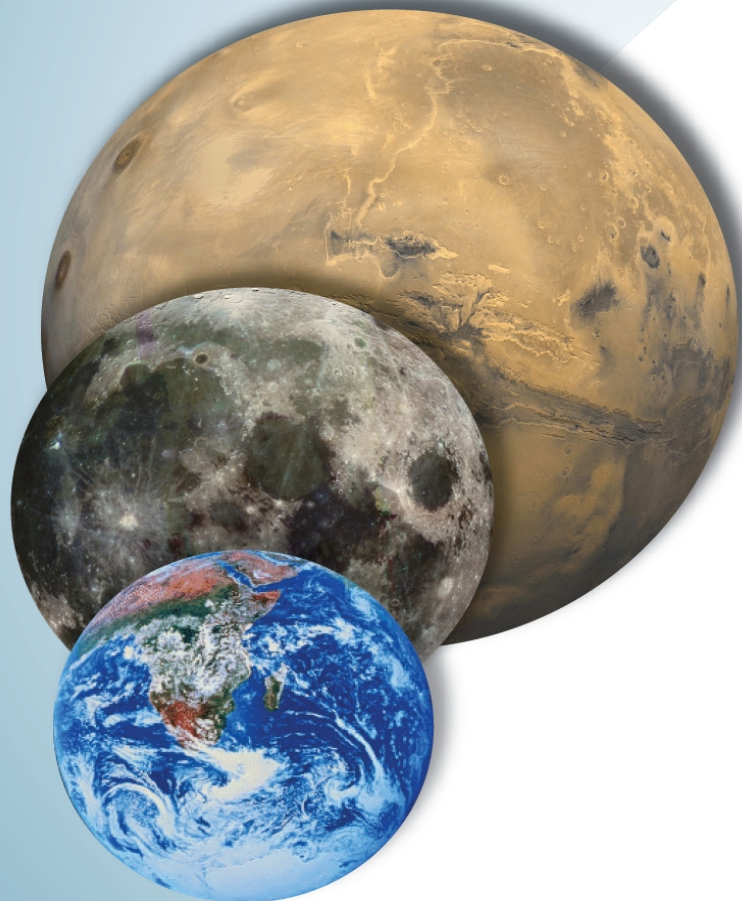


Dutch Space



International Reference Architecture Integration

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- **International Permanent Base on the Lunar Surface (“ISS-on-the-Moon”)**
 - In line with US objectives
 - European role :
 - Supply modules and surface elements (rovers, ISRU units, science instruments...) – Columbus type approach
 - Supply cargo transport to the Lunar surface (Ariane 5 cargo lander) – ATV type approach
 - Long term : assured crew return, then crew transport
 - Other space powers
 - Japan, in same situation as Europe
 - For Russia, same situation as Europe (to be compared with its major partner position in the case of ISS)
 - China, India ?



- **Multiple visits to the lunar surface, without permanent infrastructure (repeat of Apollo)**
 - Not in line with US objectives
 - Could be a form of descoping of the Lunar Base scenario
 - European role :
 - Could be limited to bilateral or trilateral activity
 - Participation in these Apollo like missions, supplying support by launch capability, modules, vehicles, stages
 - Probably longer term than International outpost
 - Other space powers
 - Japan, in same situation as Europe
 - For Russia, could be in line with their objectives (CSTS approach)
 - China, India ?



- **Permanent outpost, visited by crew for short duration stays**
 - Not in line with US objectives
 - Could be a form of descoping of the Lunar Base scenario
 - European role :
 - Supply modules and surface elements (rovers, ISRU units, science instruments...) – Columbus type approach
 - Supply cargo transport to the Lunar surface to support the visits (Ariane 5 cargo lander) – ATV type approach
 - Other space powers
 - Japan, in same situation as Europe
 - For Russia, same situation as Europe (to be compared with its major partner position in the case of ISS)
 - China, India ?



- **International robotic facility (robotic village, far-side telescope...) visited by crew**
 - Not in line with US objectives
 - European role :
 - Participation in these missions, supplying elements of the surface facility, launch capability, modules, vehicles, stages
 - Probably the robotic form could allow an earlier start than a human infrastructure
 - Other powers
 - Japan, in same situation as Europe
 - For Russia, could be in line with their objectives (CSTS approach)
 - China, India ?



- **International orbiting outpost in LLO (or L1)**
 - Not in line with US objectives, it could provide
 - Safe haven for US crew
 - Docking location for Orion during surface stays
 - International laboratory/platform for microgravity science and Lunar science
 - European role :
 - Participation in these missions, supplying elements of the orbital facility, launch capability, modules, vehicles, stages
 - Probably start earlier in a human-tended form
 - Other powers
 - Japan, in same situation as Europe
 - For Russia, could be in line with their objectives (CSTS approach)
 - China, India ?



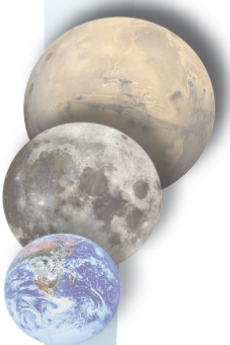
- **Multiple robotic missions, including sample return**
 - European role :
 - Participation in these missions, on a purely European, loosely coordinated way
 - Bilateral cooperation on most costly missions



- **Europe as provider of cargo to lunar surface**
 - Ariane 5 class cargo lander
 - Elements to develop
 - ♦ Ariane 5 class lander
 - Cooperation scheme
 - ♦ Europe delivers payload to an International Base/Outpost with barter against :
 - » Access for European experiments to the Base/Outpost
 - » Landing of items out of Europe capabilities on the Lunar surface
 - » European crew on the lunar surface
 - Evolution potential
 - ♦ Increase of capabilities with increase of Ariane 5 performance
 - ♦ Payload return capability (with a launcher with increased performance)
 - ♦ Hopper (delivery in multiple points)



- **Europe as provider of a crew return system space-based in LLO**
 - Ariane 5 class (2 launches of Ariane 5 ME)
 - Hardware to be developed
 - ♦ CRV
 - ♦ Braking stage for Lunar insertion of the CRV
 - ♦ EDS for CRV TLI
 - ♦ Assembly in orbit
 - Cooperation scheme
 - ♦ Europe delivers a CRV in LLO to be bartered against :
 - » Access for European experiments to the Outpost
 - » Landing of items out of Europe capabilities on the Lunar surface
 - » European crew on the lunar surface
 - Evolution potential
 - ♦ Increase of capabilities with increase of Ariane 5 performance
 - ♦ CTV
 - ♦ CRV capability from Lunar surface (ascent system)



- **Europe as partner in a Crew Transport System to LLO**
 - Development needed
 - CTV
 - Earth Departure Stage
 - 50-ton class launcher (Ariane X)
 - Cooperation scheme
 - Europe provides elements (CTV modules, EDS) and Ariane X launch services for the assembly in LEO of a Crew Transport System to LLO (CSTS-type scheme)
 - Sustainability of Lunar exploration by providing a path parallel to US/Orion
 - Evolution potential
 - Increase of capabilities with increase of Ariane 5 performance
 - Crew transport to Lunar Surface in combination with a lander (need a specific way to bring the lander in LLO)
 - CRV capability



- **Architectures on the Moon surface**
 - US will have capability to provide transportation to surface with Orion/Altair (cargo and crew)
 - Europe has capability to provide
 - In the short term, cargo transportation to the Lunar surface with an Ariane 5 class lander
 - In the longer term, a redundant crew transportation capability
- **Architectures in LLO**
 - US will have capability to provide transportation to LLO with Orion
 - Europe has capability to provide
 - In the short term, cargo transportation to LLO
 - In the longer term, a crew transportation capability to LLO
- **Other space powers, such as Russia, Japan, or China can develop similar cargo transportation, and later crew transportation, capabilities.**



- **Definition of cooperation scheme**
- **Coordination of standards**
 - System of references, units, etc.
- **Coordination in terms of interoperability of crewed and robotic systems**
 - Common crew interfaces, operating pressure, etc.
- **Common interfaces with Payloads (pressurized and unpressurized)**
 - Mechanical
 - Power/data
 - Etc
- **Common docking systems**
 - Large type (inter-propulsion stages / EDS)
 - Small size (IBDM, LIDS)



- **Cooperation scenario involving the Lunar cargo lander**
 - Flight corridors for lander
 - Geometrical interface with payload
 - Mechanical interface with payload
 - Communication standards
 - Power and data interface with payload
- **Redundant crew transport**
 - Pressurized docking interface
 - Atmosphere and crew environment
 - Power
 - Communication protocol



- **International pilot project of Lunar exploration**
 - Would showcase exploration and cooperation in human spaceflight activities beyond ISS
 - Would use existing hardware to reduce costs
 - Would ultimately lead to operational system
- **Establishment of a joint concept of Automated Lunar Cargo Lander**
 - Compatible with international launchers
 - Service available to partner agencies

